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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/820,986	04/08/2004	Rey Bravo	LCB420	9039
32915 PANDUIT CO	7590 05/02/200 RP.	7	EXAMINER	
LEGAL DEPA	RTMENT - TP12		NEWTON, JARED W	
17301 SOUTH TINLEY PARI	RIDGELAND AVEN K. IL 60477	UE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3692	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
	,		05/02/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)
10/820,986	BRAVO ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
Jared W. Newton	3692

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED <u>12 April 2007</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CON	IDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1 time periods:	amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which happeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3)
a) $\boxtimes$ The period for reply expires $\underline{3}$ months from the mailing date of the final rejection	
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2)	
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTI	
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK B TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).	
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the correunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory poset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months a may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  NOTICE OF APPEAL	esponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFI	R 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 C a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time pe AMENDMENTS	CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the dat	te of filing a brief, will not be entered because
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or	
<ul><li>(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);</li></ul>	•
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appea appeal; and/or	l by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding nur	nber of finally rejected claims.
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached I	Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	ed in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entended the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appearance of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	
Claim(s) allowed:	
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-15, 20-22, 32-37, 40-43, 46-49</u> .	
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reason was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appearentered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all reject showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not early appearent.	tions under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of transport to the statu	he claims after entry is below or attached.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place See Continuation Sheet.	the application in condition for allowance because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Pape	er No(s)
13. Other:	
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Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The claims stand as unpatentable over US patent No. 5,758,003 to Wheeler et al. (hereafter Wheeler) in view of US Patent No. 6,819,857 to Douglas et al. (hereafter Douglas). The remarks filed April 12, 2007 have been considered, but are not persuasive. Applicant asserts that the storage tray of Douglas does not route cables from the front side of the rack to the rear side of the rack (Remarks, page 9). This assertion is not relevant to the combination of Wheeler and Douglas for two reasons; First, a cable is not a part of the claimed invention, and therefore a cited reference or combination of references need not show use with a cable, but need only be capable of supporting a cable in the manner claimed. Second, the Douglas reference is relied upon for its showing of a spool, not for its showing of capability of cable routing, or any other purpose. The Applicant further asserts that "the combination of Douglas and Wheeler produces multiple spools for storing cable slack...one spool 24 adjacent to, but separated from, a trough 18...and another spool 98 on a storage tray 44 that is vertically attached to the outside of a vertical riser of the frame 12..." Indeed, the combination proposed by the Final Rejection mailed December 12, 2006 would produce multiple spools, however the Examiner did not rely on the entire tray 44 of the Douglas reference, but rather its showing of a novel spool that is centrally located on the planar surface that supports it. Wheeler likewise teaches a planar surface, and both references teach the desirability of being able to store loose cable slack. It follows that applying the centrally located spool--and only the centrally located spool--as taught by Douglas to the planar support surface 18 as taught by Wheeler, would provide a means of storing additional cable slack, in situations where the rack supports cable longer than the capacity its current spools, and thus necessitates additional spooling capabilities. This motivation clearly contradicts Applicant's assertion that "no motivation exists to combine the spool 98 of the tray 44 of Douglas with the trough 18 of Wheeler." (Remarks, p. 9). Motivation to combine the references is inherent in providing additional spools, and further motivation can be found for providing the specific spool taught by Douglas--"easier manipulation of the cable slack under the tabs 106 and around the spool 98" (see Douglas, col. 6, lines 41-44)--as set forth in the Final Rejection mailed December 12, 2006. The noted recitation of Douglas provides an answer to Applicant's question of "why (or how) someone of skill in the art would specifically pluck only the storage spool from the vertical storage tray of Douglas and put it on the trough of Wheeler" (Remarks, page 10); they would do so, because cable management is an obvious problem in the art, and Douglas provides a superior spool for managing cable.

> RICHARD E. CHILCOT, JR. SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER